

L'Observatoire International des Microbiotes

Second wave

Vietnamese results





Methods



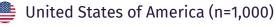


Methods

This international survey was conducted online in **11 countries** from January 26th – February 26th, 2024. **7,500 people** were interviewed in the 11 countries, among representative samples of the population aged 18 y.o. and more in each country.

7 countries had already been surveyed in 2023.

4 countries have been added to the scope this year :

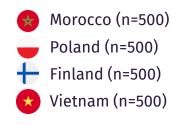


Brazil (n=500)

Mexico (n=1,000)

France (n=1,000)

- Portugal (n=500)
- Spain (n=500)
- China (n=1,000)



An automated selection from the Ipsos Panel ensured representative samples in each country (gender, age, employment status and country region) based on quota method.

Comments



= Average response for all 7 countries.



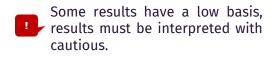
= Focus on detailed results according to different criteria such as gender, age, presence of children under 3yo, individuals with health conditions.

Significant differences vs total - superior

Significant differences vs total - inferior

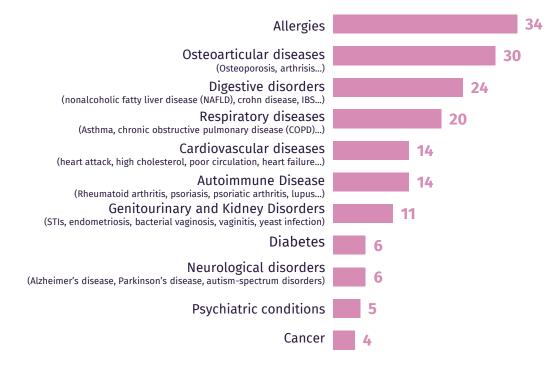
These coloured indications show results that are statistically different (above or below) the average for all respondents.

All results are presented in %.



People with current conditions A focus detailed throughout the report

NEW RS10. Among the following health problems, indicate those you suffer from. QUESTION Base: All respondents







Vietnam stands out with a higher awareness of the microbiome compared to other countries.

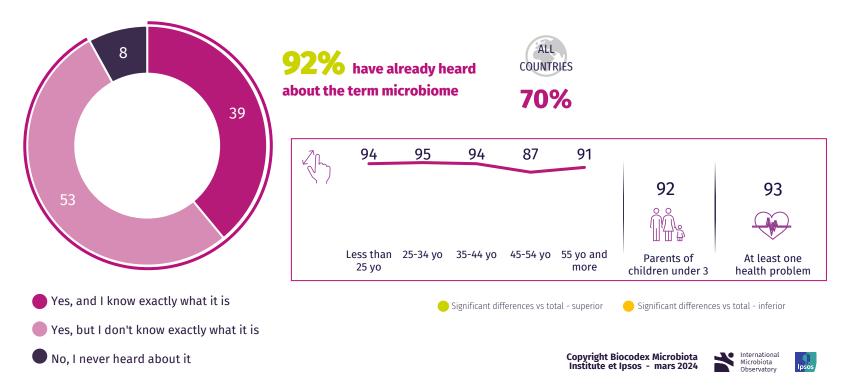




Awareness of the microbiome is much higher in Vietnam, where the vast majority of people have already heard of it. And almost 2 out of 5 know exactly what it is.



Question 2. Have you ever heard of the "microbiome"? Base: All respondents

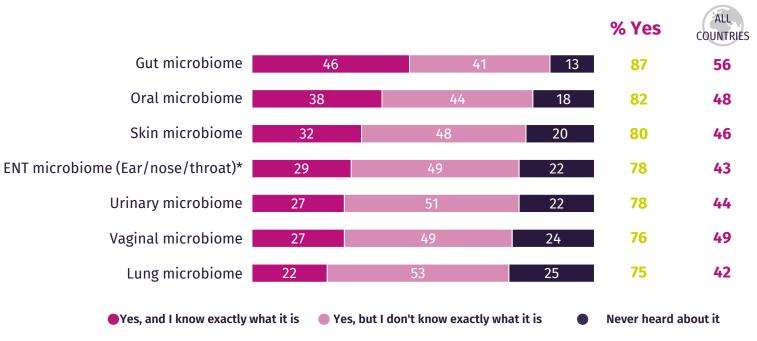


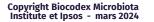
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And Vietnamese have a better awareness of each type of microbiome, compared to other countries. However, their knowledge remains imprecise.



Question 3. And more specifically, have you ever heard of the following terms? Base: All respondents





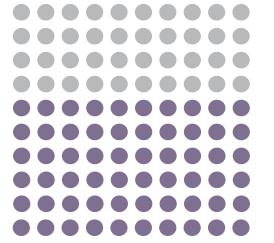




3 out of 5 have already heard of each type of microbiome, compared to 1 out of 3 overall.



Question 3. And more specifically, have you ever heard of the following terms? Base: All respondents



60% have already heard of each microbiome: Gut, vaginal, skin, lung, urinary, oral and ENT microbiome







ALL

COUNTRIES

32%

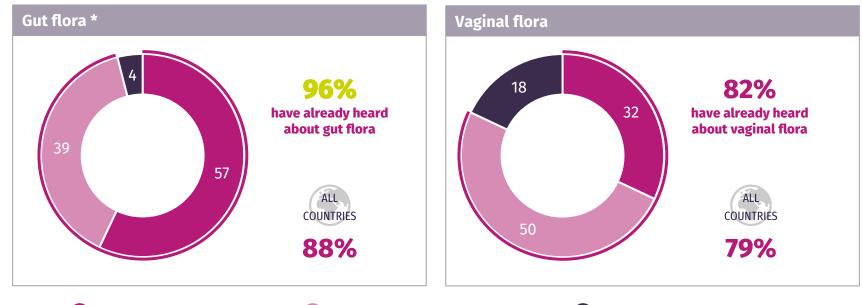


losos

The term "flora" is even more popular than microbiome in Vietnam.



Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents



Yes, and I know exactly what it is

Yes, but I don't know exactly what it is



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Awareness of Gut flora is similar among Vietnamese people regardless of age or gender.



10

Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents

Gut flora * 97 95 Subtotal "Yes" 95 Yes, and I know 56 59 59 exactly what it is 96% \leftarrow have already heard Men Women At least one about gut flora health problem 57 97 Subtotal "Yes" 96 95 96 95 ALL Yes, and I know 62 COUNTRIES 58 58 57 exactly what it is 50 88% Yes, and I know exactly what it is Less than 25 25-34 vo 45-54 vo 55 vo and 35-44 vo yo more Yes, but I don't know exactly what it is

No, I never heard about it

*The wording of this item was changed compared to last year



Women have a better awareness of vaginal flora than men.



Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents

Vaginal flora < L 81 Subtotal "Yes" 79 84 Yes, and I know 24 33 40 exactly what it is 82% 18 have already heard 32 Women At least one Men about vaginal flora health problem Subtotal "Yes" 87 83 86 77 ALL 72 COUNTRIES Yes, and I know exactly what it is 40 79% 33 32 31 23 Yes, and I know exactly what it is Less than 25 25-34 vo 35-44 vo 45-54 vo 55 yo and yo more Yes, but I don't know exactly what it is







Vietnamese have a pretty good knowledge of the role and functions of microbiome

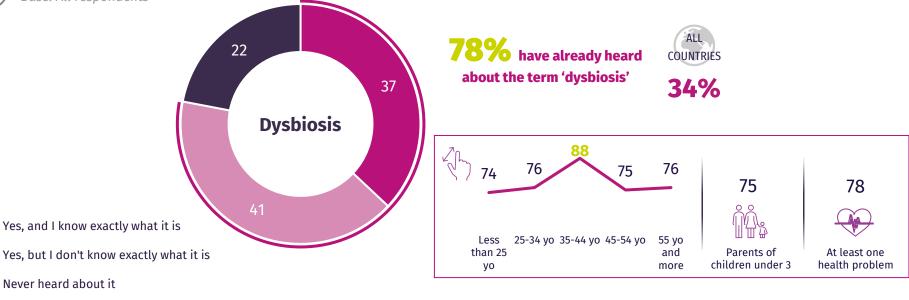




Dysbiosis is a much more popular term among Vietnamese: more than 3 out of 4 know what it is. Knowledge is even better among Vietnamese aged 35-44 yo.



Question 3. And more specifically, have you ever heard of the following terms? Base: All respondents



Significant differences vs total - inferior



psos

Knowledge of the microbiome in Vietnam is quite good, although some aspects can be improved, such as its diversity and, above all, its composition.



Question 4. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know. Base: All respondents Wyone energy /

	buse. All respondents	Go Go	ood answer				V	/rong answers/ don't know
	Our diet has significant consequences on the balance of our microbiome		8	3 🔽		6	11	17
	In some cases, an imbalance in the microbiome may have significant health consequences		8	2 🗸		6	12	18
	The microbiome plays an important role in immune defense mechanisms		80			7	13	20
	Antibiotics have an impact on our microbiome		75			7	18	25
In th	e field of vaginal health , the microbiome plays an important role in women's health	71 🗸					20	29
	Many diseases such as irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), obesity, vaginose could be linked to the microbiome						21	30
	The microbiome enables the gut to deliver essential information to the brain for our health		63 🗸		9	28	}	37
	Your microbiome is located exclusively in the gut	25		55 🗸			20	45
	The microbiome is only made up of bacteria	42	2	23 🗸		35		77
		True		False	Don't	really	know	
14	Definition displayed to respondents before this question: In the past, the term most commonly used was "flora" or "microflora", this term has now				Biocodex N		ta	International Microbiota

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term most commonly used was "flora" or "microflora", this term has now been renamed "microbiome".

Overall, Vietnam has a better knowledge of the role and functions of microbiome compared to other countries.

Question 4. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know. Base: All respondents

buse. All responder			
% good answer		Total	ALL COUNTRIES
	Our diet has significant consequences on the balance of our microbiome	83	78
In some	cases, an imbalance in the microbiome may have significant health consequences	82	77
	The microbiome plays an important role in immune defense mechanisms	80	74
	Antibiotics have an impact on our microbiome	75	70
In the	ield of vaginal health , the microbiome plays an important role in women's health	71	68
Many diseases such as ir	table bowel syndrome (IBS), obesity, vaginose could be linked to the microbiome	70	64
The micr	biome enables the gut to deliver essential information to the brain for our health	63	53
	Your microbiome is located exclusively in the gut	55	46
	The microbiome is only made up of bacteria	23	28



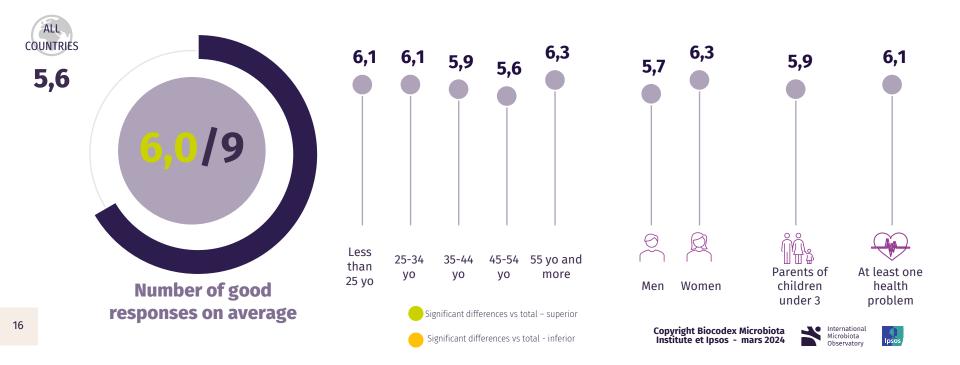


Significant differences vs total - superior

$\langle \rangle$

Knowledge is fairly similar across all age groups. Women seem to have slightly better knowledge than men.

Question 4. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know. Base: All respondents





To maintain a balanced microbiome, Vietnamese have adopted many behaviors, including the consumption of probiotics and prebiotics.

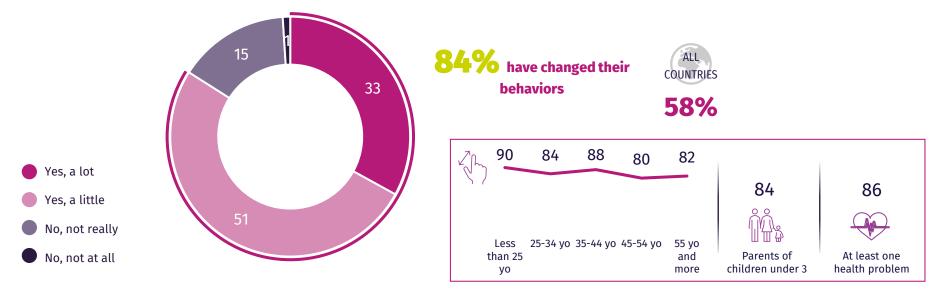




More than 4 out of 5 people have changed their behaviors to keep their microbiome balanced and functioning as smoothly as possible, which is higher than average.

NEW Question 10. And in your daily life, have you changed your behaviors to keep your microbiome as balanced and functioning as smoothly as QUESTION possible?

Base: All respondents



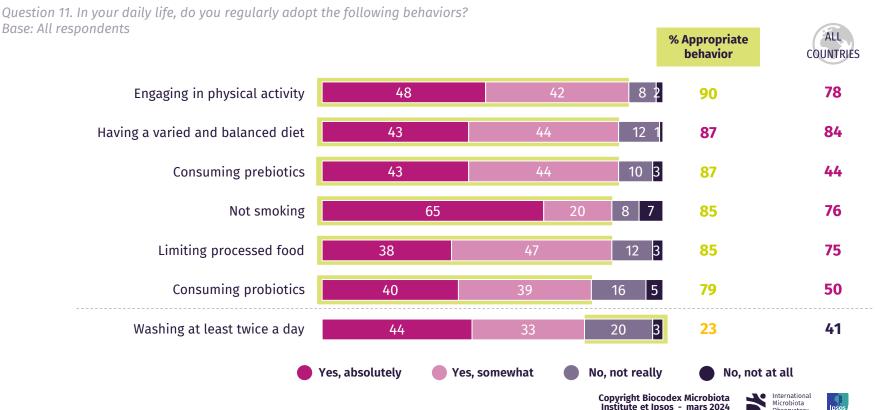
Significant differences vs total - superior

Significant differences vs total - inferior





Vietnamese are more likely than other countries to have adopted behaviors to maintain their microbiome. But they are also more likely to wash more than once a day, even though this is detrimental to their microbiome.

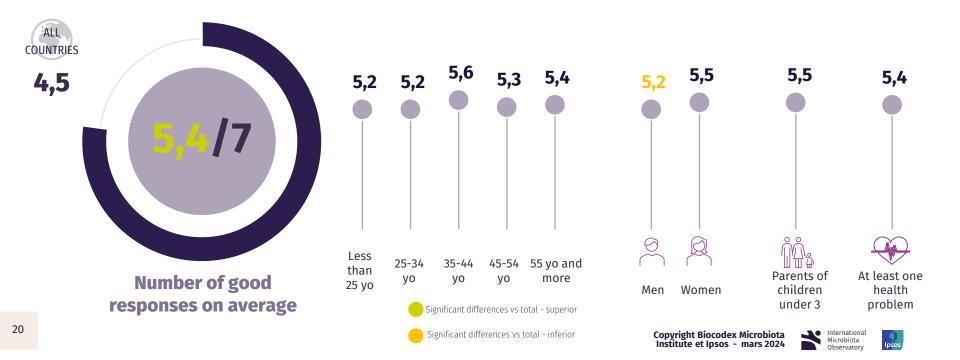


Observatory

QUESTION

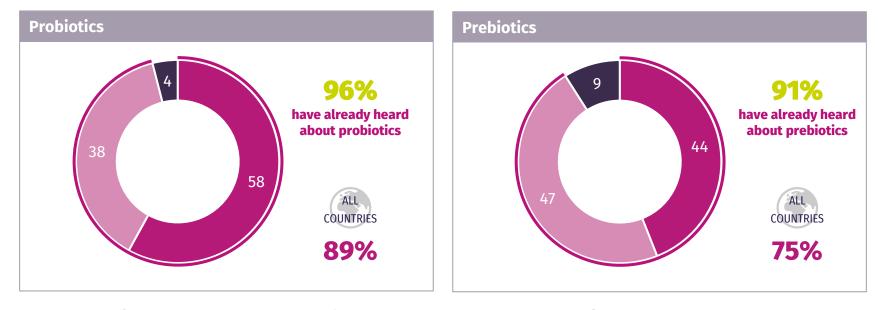
Men have adopted fewer appropriate behaviors for their microbiome compared to the average.

NEW Question 11. In your daily life, do you regularly adopt the following behaviors? QUESTION Base: All respondents



Vietnamese seem to have an above-average awareness of probiotics and prebiotics. However, a significant part of the population still doesn't know exactly what they are.

Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents



Yes, and I know exactly what it is 🛑 Yes, but I don't know exactly what it is

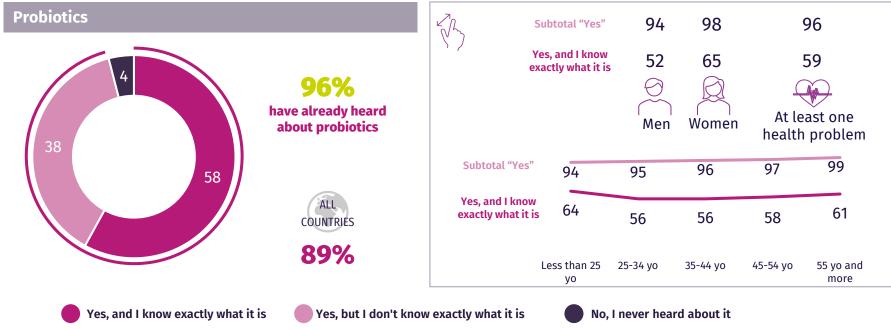
No. I never heard about it



Almost 3 out of 5 Vietnamese know precisely what probiotics are, a similar level of awareness regardless of age or gender.



Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents

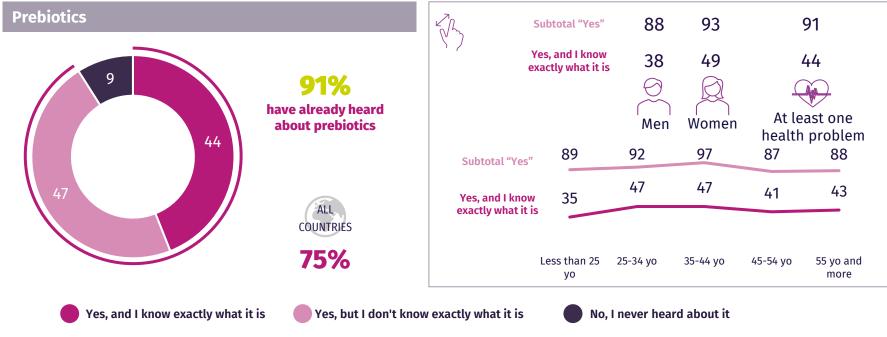




And more than 2 out of 5 Vietnamese say they know exactly what prebiotics are, a similar level of awareness regardless of age or gender.



Question 2bis. And have you ever heard of these terms? Base: All respondents







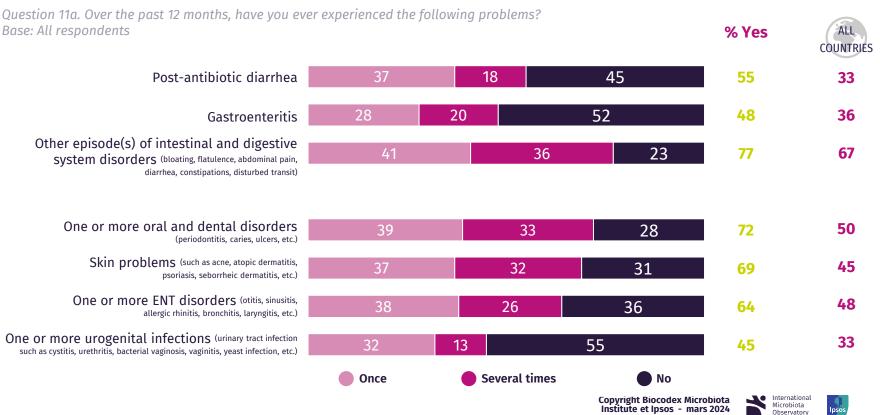


When faced with a microbiome-related health problem, Vietnamese are more likely to link it to their microbiome than average.





In the past 12 months, half of Vietnamese have experienced post-antibiotic diarrhea or gastroenteritis, while almost 4 out of 5 had other episodes of intestinal and digestive system disorders.

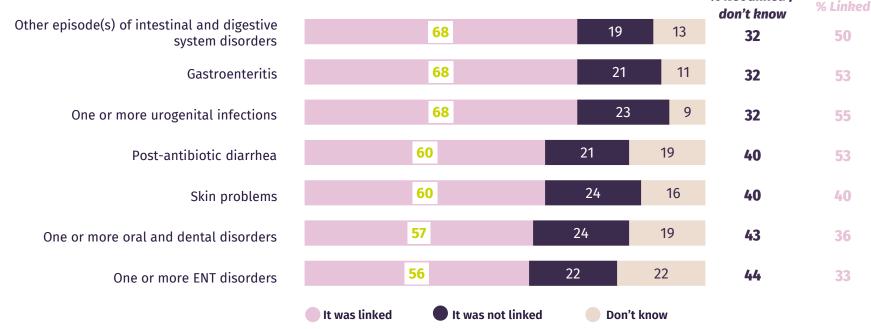


NEW QUESTION

Vietnamese are much more likely than average to link their health problems to their microbiome, no matter what's the health problem they suffer from.



Question 11b. And do you think this or these problems are linked to your microbiome? Base: People who have experienced these problems





Observatory

ALL

COUNTRIES

% Not linked /

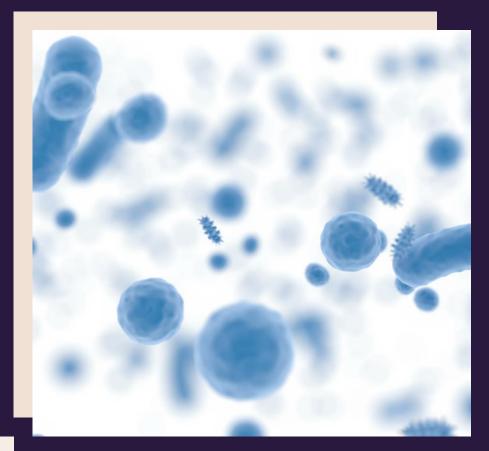


The Vietnamese seem to be better informed about the microbiome by HCPs. HCPs need to continue to raise awareness and play a greater role as information providers.









Text displayed to respondents:

The microbiome (or microbial flora) is a group of microorganisms such as bacteria, viruses, fungi and archaea, which live in symbiosis in our body, mainly in our digestive tract but also on the skin, in the lungs, ears, mouth and vagina.

The microbiome has many consequences for our health because it fulfils essential functions such as digesting foods, synthesis of vitamins and stimulating our immune system.

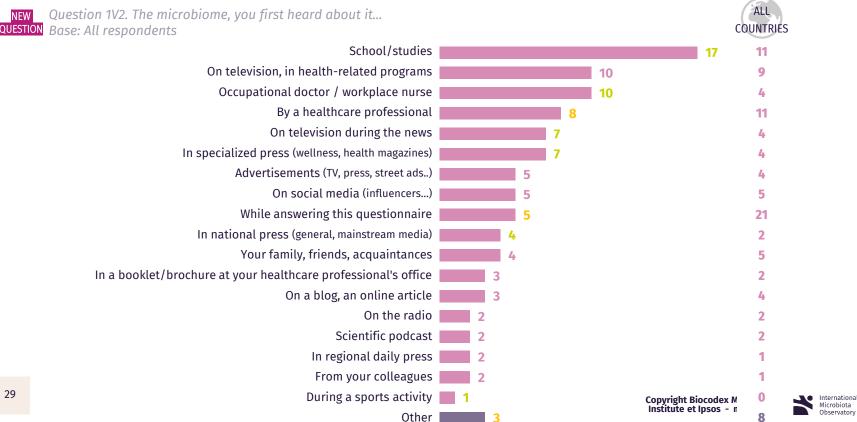
An unbalanced microbiome could be involved in certain diseases such as allergies, obesity and chronic inflammatory bowel diseases.

Recent studies also suggest that the microbiome can have an impact on our mental health and behavior, influencing our mood, cognition and motivation.





Almost 1 out of 5 Vietnamese discover the word "microbiome" through schools or studies, which is above average. Other important sources include health-related TV programs, occupational doctors and healthcare professionals.



29

Respondents aged 35-44 yo and over 55 yo first heard about the microbiome from an occupational doctor or workplace nurse.

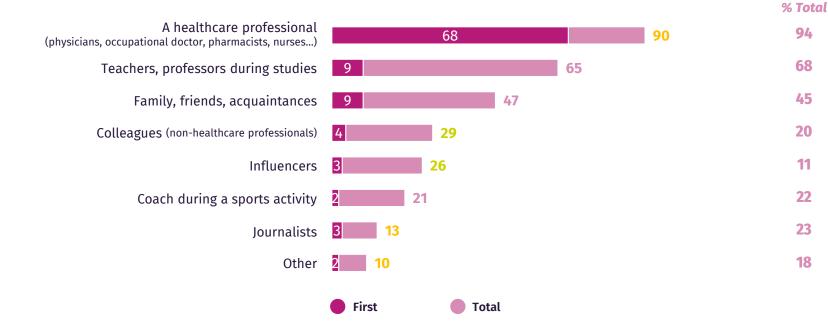
Question 1V2. The microbiome, you first heard about it...

Base: A	ll res	pond	lents
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Base: All respondents	Total	Less than 25 yo	25-34 уо	35-44 yo	45-54 yo	55 yo and more	Men	Women	Parents of children under 3	At least one health problem
		n=72	n=127	n=114	n=104	n=83	n=274	n=226	n=65	n=339
School/studies	17	45	16	9	17	10	17	18	18	18
On television, in health-related programs	10	6	8	12	11	10	10	10	10	10
Occupational doctor / workplace nurse	10	1	6	13	9	16	9	10	8	10
By a healthcare professional	8	5	11	6	10	8	4	12	13	6
On television during the news	7	2	7	7	12	6	7	7	0	7
In specialized press (wellness, health magazines)	7	2	6	4	6	12	7	5	9	8
Advertisements (TV, press, street ads)	5	9	7	6	4	1	5	5	3	4
On social media (influencers)	5	6	8	6	3	4	6	5	7	4
While answering this questionnaire	5	9	3	5	8	5	6	4	6	5
In national press (general, mainstream media)	4	3	3	10	0	3	6	2	4	5
Your family, friends, acquaintances	4	2	2	4	4	6	3	4	3	5
In a booklet/brochure at your healthcare professional's office	3	0	3	3	5	5	4	3	3	3
On a blog, an online article	3	4	4	5	2	1	3	4	5	3
On the radio	2	0	5	1	1	1	2	2	0	3
Scientific podcast	2	1	3	0	4	0	2	1	0	1
In regional daily press	2	2	1	1	0	5	2	2	2	2
From your colleagues	2	3	2	3	1	3	2	3	4	3
During a sports activity	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	3	1
Other	3	0	4	3	3	4	4	3	2 Observation	2

Healthcare professionals represent the most trusted source of information in Vietnam, although it's below average. However, Vietnamese are more likely to rely on and trust their colleagues or influencers.

NEW QUESTION Question 2V2. For relevant and trustworthy information about microbiome, who would you trust the most? Select the sources you would trust the most: 1st, 2nd, 3rd Base: All respondents







ALL

COUNTRIES

Although HCPs remain the most trusted source of information, those aged under 25 yo are more likely to also trust teachers or journalists.

NEW QUESTION Question 2V2. For relevant and trustworthy information about microbiome, who would you trust the most? Select the sources you would trust the most: 1st, 2nd, 3rd Base: All respondents

	Total	Less than 25 yo	25-34 уо	35-44 yo	45-54 yo	55 yo and more	Men	Women	Parents of children under 3	At least one health problem
		n=72	n=127	n=114	n=104	n=83	n=274	n=226	n=65	n=339
A healthcare professional (physicians, occupational doctor, pharmacists, nurses)	90	89	89	86	92	95	86	94	91	89
Teachers, professors during studies		81	63	59	58	67	62	67	71	66
Family, friends, acquaintances	47	41	46	43	54	51	45	50	53	47
Colleagues (non-healthcare professionals)		19	24	36	27	34	30	27	27	30
Influencers	26	25	35	32	32	9	28	25	28	26
Coach during a sports activity	21	16	22	23	18	22	22	19	14	19
Journalists	13	24	11	12	14	7	15	11	9	12
Other	10	6	11	9	6	15	12	8	8	10

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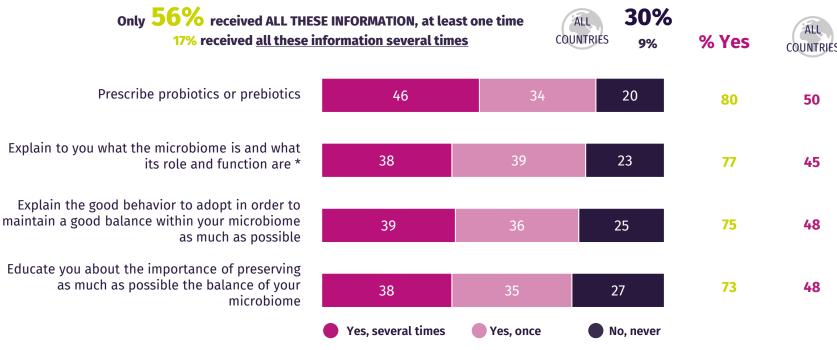


Vietnamese have received much more information about the microbiome from their HCPs than average: more than half have had all these information.



33

Question 5. Have any of the healthcare professionals you have seen ever done any of the following? Base: All respondents



A full definition explaining the microbiome has been displayed to respondents before this question *The wording of this item was changed compared to last year

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Information given by healthcare professionals seems to be fairly similar across all age groups. Only youngters received less explanation about the behaviors they should adopt to maintain their microbiome.



Question 5. Have any of the healthcare professionals you have seen ever done any of the following? Base: All respondents

% Yes	Total	Less than 25 yo	25-34 уо	35-44 yo	45-54 yo	55 yo and more	Men	Women	Parents of children under 3	At least one health problem
base	n=500	n=72	n=127	n=114	n=104	n=83	n=274	n=226	n=65	n=339
Prescribe probiotics or prebiotics	80	71	82	86	76	80	76	83	87	81
Explain to you what the microbiome is and what its role and function are	77	73	82	73	71	82	75	79	88	78
Explain the good behavior to adopt in order to maintain a good balance within your microbiome as much as possible	75	59	80	80	70	77	75	74	81	75
Educate you about the importance of preserving as much as possible the balance of your microbiome	73	66	76	75	71	76	74	73	75	73



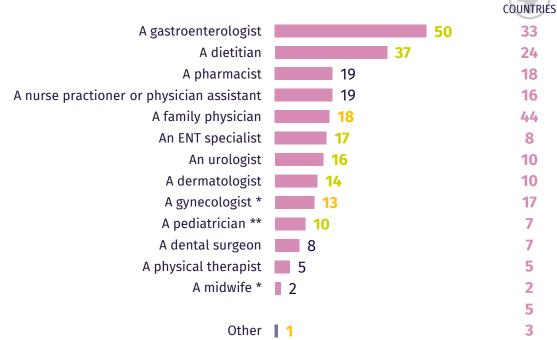
Significant differences vs total - superior

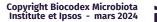
In Vietnam, gastroenterologists and dietitians stand out as the two main professional sources of information about microbiome, more so than in other countries.

NEW QUESTION

35

Question 6. And which healthcare professionals provided you with these explanations? Base: People who've received some information from HCPs (n=461)





ALL





36

The gynecologist is one of the main source of information for women.

Question 6. And which healthcare professionals provided you with these explanations? NEW Base: People who've received some information from HCPs (n=461) QUESTION

	Total	Less than 25 yo	25-34 уо	35-44 уо	45-54 yo	55 yo and more	Men	Women	Parents of children under 3	At least one health problem
base	n=461	n=65	n=117	n=107	n=92	n=80	n=249	n=212	n=62	n=317
A gastroenterologist	50	42	42	51	51	59	51	49	60	53
A dietitian	37	35	29	38	42	42	38	36	36	36
A pharmacist	19	23	27	21	14	11	22	17	25	20
A nurse practioner or physician assistant	19	18	17	18	23	21	24	15	18	22
A family physician	18	13	18	17	16	23	20	16	20	18
An ENT specialist	17	11	17	22	19	14	20	14	18	20
An urologist	16	8	16	14	20	17	17	14	11	17
A dermatologist	14	14	12	12	13	19	18	11	13	16
A gynecologist	13	15	13	12	11	15	0	25	10	13
A pediatrician	10	5	12	15	12	6	12	9	17	11
A dental surgeon	8	11	7	9	7	9	13	4	9	10
A physical therapist	5	4	5	8	3	3	8	2	5	5
A midwife	2	1	3	1	1	4	0	4	0	1
A naturopath *	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other	1	0	0	1	2	2	1	1	0	2
Significant differer	ices vs total	- superior 🦲 Sig	nificant differences vs	total - inferior	First source by prot	file	Cop	yright Biocodex Micro titute et Ipsos - mars	2024 Mic	rnational robiota ervatory

* not displayed in Vietnam



After being prescribed antibiotics, half of Vietnamese have received all these information about microbiome. There is of course of room for improvement, but it's higher than what we have observed in other countries.



Question 7. The last time a doctor prescribed antibiotics, did they do the following? Base: All respondents

Only 49% received ALL THESE INFORMATION from their HCPs

67

65

63

No

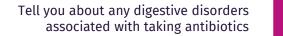
Yes

27%

21

22

24



Tell you that taking antibiotics could have negative consequences on the balance of your microbiome

Give you advice on limiting the negative consequences of taking antibiotics on your microbiome as much as possible

Not applicable

12

13

13



ALL

COUNTRIES

46

39



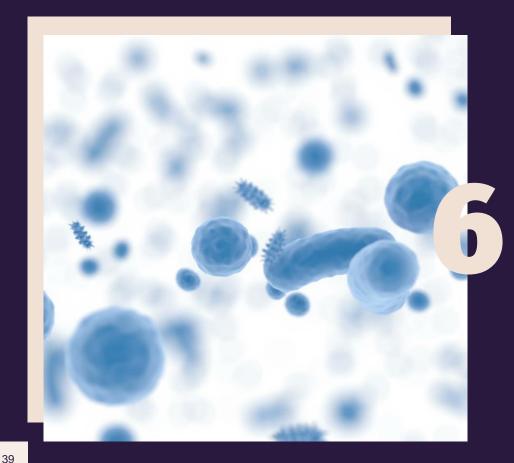
Young people under 25 yo have received less information and advice when prescribed antibiotics.

Question 7. The last time a doctor prescribed antibiotics, did they do the following? Base: All respondents

% Yes	Total	Less than 25 yo	25-34 уо	35-44 уо	45-54 yo	55 yo and more	Parents of children under 3	At least one health problem
base	n=500	n=72	n=127	n=114	n=104	n=83	n=65	n=339
% HAVE <u>RECEIVED ALL THESE INFORMATION</u> FROM THEIR HCPS	49	35	53	53	39	55	54	49
Tell you about any digestive disorders associated with taking antibiotics	67	54	67	69	72	70	74	68
Tell you that taking antibiotics could have negative consequences on the balance of your microbiome	65	55	70	68	51	73	72	67
Give you advice on limiting the negative consequences of taking antibiotics on your microbiome as much as possible	63	60	67	67	54	65	68	63



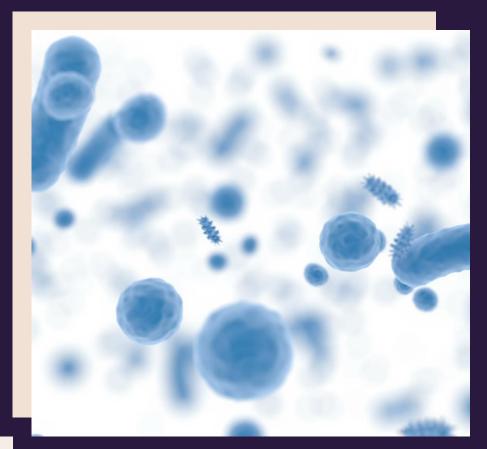
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Focus on the vaginal microbiome

In the next questions, we will discuss the vaginal microbiome, also known as vaginal flora.





Text displayed to respondents:

In the next questions, we will discuss the vaginal microbiome, also known as vaginal flora. Please read before answering the next questions.

Many people say "vagina" whereas they usually refer to the vulva. The vulva is the outside, visible part of your genitals — your labia (lips), clitoris, vaginal opening, and the opening to your urethra (the hole you pee out of). The vagina is the inside - the stretchy tube that connects your vulva to your cervix and uterus. The vagina allows for sexual intercourse and birth. It also channels menstrual flow.





Vietnamese women have a pretty good knowledge of the vaginal microbiome.

Question 13. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do

	not really know.		· ·	,	
	Base: <u>Women</u>	Good answer			Wrong answers/ don't know
	The vaginal microbiome acts as a barrier, protecting us from pathogenic microorganisms	76 🕑	4	20	24
	Vaginal dryness/dehydration has consequences on vaginal microbiome	76 🗸	5	19	24
	Antibiotics can alter the vaginal microbiome	67 🗸	6	27	33
I	Every woman has a vaginal microbiome that is different from any other woman's	66 🕑	10	24	34
	The vaginal microbiome is balanced when its bacterial diversity is low	61 🕑	9	30	39
	Mode of delivery (vaginally or cesarean section) could have an impact on the newborn's gut microbiome	52 🗸	<mark>10</mark> 3	8	48
		🔵 True 🛛 🗧 False	Don't really	know	
1			taba mta sa ta anta a ta		tornational

International

However, they remain unaware of some aspects of the vaginal microbiome, such as the link between bacterial vaginosis and the microbiome or the beneficial effects of oestro-progestative pills.



Question 13. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know. Base: Women

Base: <u>Women</u>	Good answe	er			Wrong answers/ don't know
The vagina is self-cleaning	5	1 🗸	19	30	49
Smoking has no consequences on the vaginal microbiome	24	47	⊘	29	53
From childhood to menopause, a woman's vaginal microbiome remains the same	28	4	6 🗸	26	54
Gut microbiome influences vaginal microbiome	43	✓ 12	2	45	57
Bacterial vaginosis is not associated with an imbalance in the vaginal microbiome	35 🗸		40	25	60
Oestro-progestative pills could protect the vaginal microbiome	23 🗸	28		49	77
	True	🛑 False	Don't ı	really know	
		Cop Ins	yright Biocodex M titute et Ipsos - m	icrobiota nars 2024	ernational robiota servatory

The level of knowledge among Vietnamese women is better than the global average, except for the effects of smoking on the vaginal microbiome, or its variability over time.

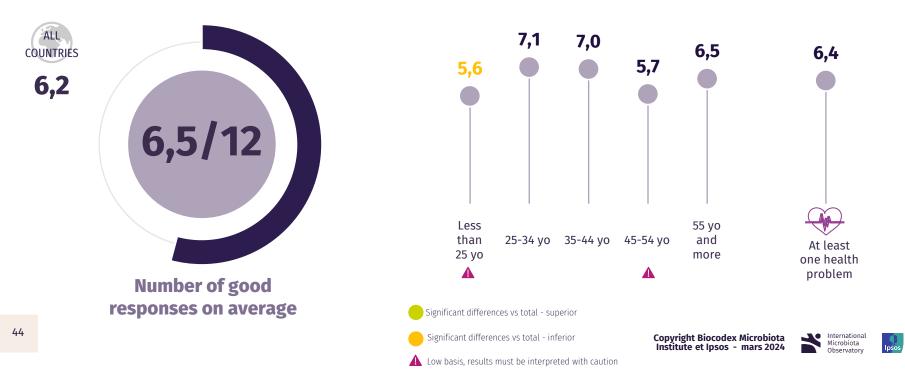
Question 13. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know.

_		ALL
	Total	COUNTRIES
from pathogenic microorganisms	76	68
sequences on vaginal microbiome	76	69
can alter the vaginal microbiome	67	69
different from any other woman's	66	64
when its bacterial diversity is low	61	30
on the newborn's gut microbiome	52	40
The vagina is self-cleaning	51	56
ences on the vaginal microbiome	47	55
nal microbiome remains the same	46	55
ne influences vaginal microbiome	43	43
alance in the vaginal microbiome	40	44
d protect the vaginal microbiome	23	22
	from pathogenic microorganisms sequences on vaginal microbiome different from any other woman's when its bacterial diversity is low on the newborn's gut microbiome The vagina is self-cleaning uences on the vaginal microbiome hal microbiome remains the same me influences vaginal microbiome balance in the vaginal microbiome	from pathogenic microorganisms 76 sequences on vaginal microbiome 76 can alter the vaginal microbiome 67 different from any other woman's 66 when its bacterial diversity is low 61 on the newborn's gut microbiome 52 The vagina is self-cleaning 51 uences on the vaginal microbiome 47 nal microbiome remains the same 46 me influences vaginal microbiome 43 oalance in the vaginal microbiome 40

International

Women under 25 yo tend to have lower levels of knowledge about the vaginal microbiome.

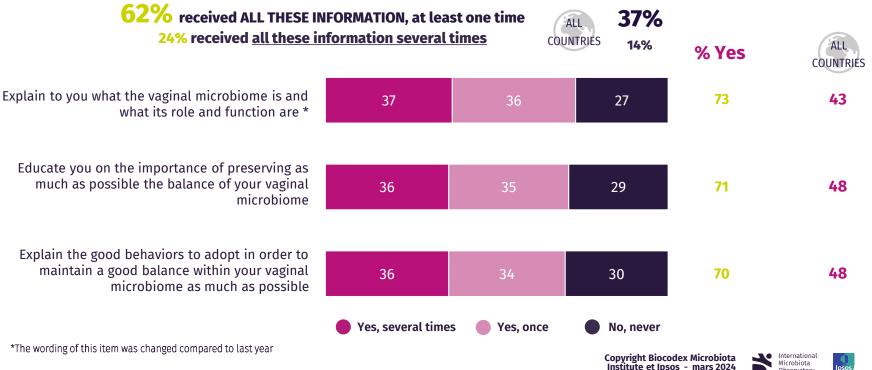
Question 13. For each of the following statements, tell us if you think it is TRUE or FALSE. If you are unsure about your answer, answer I do not really know. Base: Women



Vietnamese women have received more information about vaginal microbiome from their HCPs than average. In fact, 6 out of 10 have received all these information.



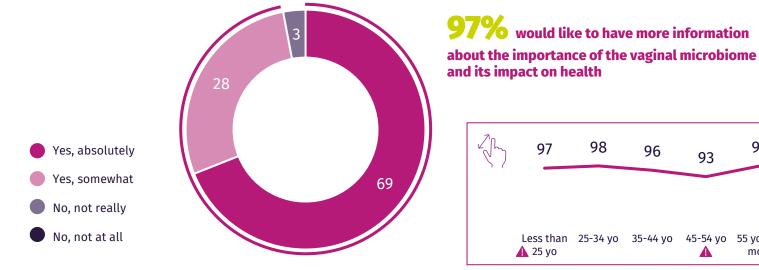
Question 14. Has the healthcare professional following your gynecological health talked to you about the following? Base: Women



Vietnamese women expressed a very strong desire for more information about the importance of the vaginal microbiome and its impact on health.



Question 15. And would you like the healthcare professional monitoring your gynecological health to tell you more about the importance of your vaginal microbiome and its impact on your health? Base: Women







Significant differences vs total - superior

Significant differences vs total - inferior

Low basis, results must be interpreted with caution

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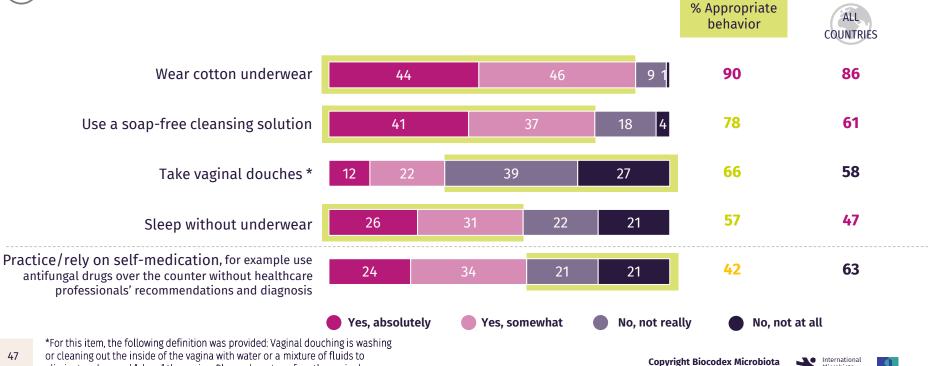




Vietnamese women are more likely to adopt appropriate behaviors for their vaginal microbiome. However, they are also more likely to rely on self-medication.



Question 16. In your daily life, do you regularly adopt the following behaviors? Base: Women

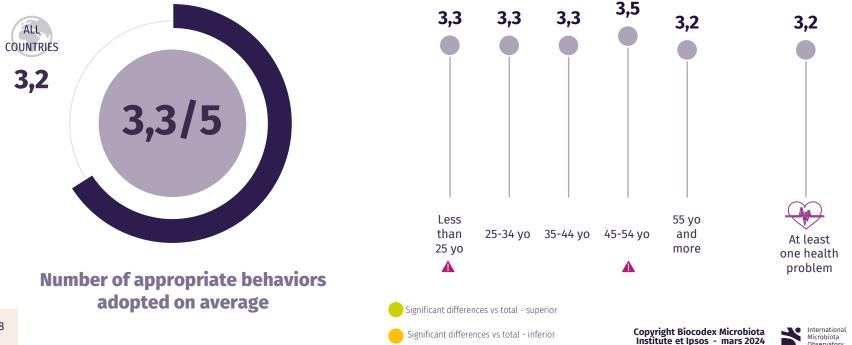


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The adoption of appropriate behaviors for the vaginal microbiome doesn't seem to vary with women's age.

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Question 16. In your daily life, do you regularly adopt the following behaviors? Base: Women



A Low basis, results must be interpreted with caution



Main results per country





Learnings on Vietnamese results

	Vietnam
Awareness of the microbiome & its diversity	
Know exactly what is « microbiome »	39%
Subtotal « Aware »	<mark>92%</mark>
Subtotal Aware of the gut microbiome	87%
Subtotal Aware of all microbiome	60%
Level of knowledge around the microbiota	
Mean of good answers	<mark>6,0</mark> /9
Level of knowledge around the solutions which can maintain th	e microbiota balanced
Know exactly what are probiotics	58%
Know exactly what are prebiotics	44%
Adoption and identification of appropriate behaviors to mainta	in a balanced microbiota
Have changed their behaviors	84%
Level of information provided by healthcare professionals	
Have heard about the microbiome from healthcare professional	8%
Received at least one piece of information at least once	<mark>92%</mark>

Key learnings

Vietnam was added to the scope this year. The country stands out for its knowledge of the microbiome. It's the country with the highest level of awareness. Vietnamese are also familiar with the term "flora". Their understanding of the role and functions of the microbiome is once again better compared to other countries.

Many Vietnamese have changed their behaviors to maintain a balanced microbiome. The consumption of probiotics and prebiotics is part of their daily habits.

This can be explained by the central role of healthcare professionals. A majority of Vietnamese have received explanation about the microbiome from them, more than in other countries. This information comes mainly from gastroenterologists and dietitians.

However, there is still room for improvement, as microbiome education needs to be provided more systematically to patients. Indeed, Vietnamese have high expectations from healthcare professionals, whom they consider to be the most reliable source of information on the microbiome.











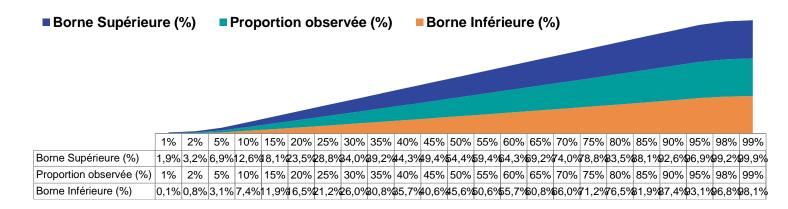
FIABILITÉ DES RÉSULTATS

Feuille de calcul

En l'occurrence s'agissant de cette étude :

- Intervalle de confiance : 95%
- Taille d'échantillon : 500

Les proportions observées sont comprises entre :





SURVEY OVERVIEW

CAWI survey - Online panel



SAMPLE

- Target : Male/female 18 and more in each country
- Selection of the respondent : participant selection using quotas
- Sample representativeness : criteria and sources : gender, age, active/inactive status, regions



DATA COLLECTION

- Fieldwork dates : January 26th February 26th 2024
- Sample achieved : 7,500 interviews (1000 for France, Mexico, US and China, 500 in other countries)
- Data collection : on line
- Loyalty program with points- based award system for panelists
- Response quality control methods: monitoring of participants' response behavior (identification of responses that are too quick or careless, e.g. ticked in a straight or zigzag line)
- Checking of IP and consistency of demographic data.



DATA PROCESSING

- Weighted sample
- Method used: Rim Weighting Method
- Weighting criteria: criteria and sources : gender, age, active/inactive status, regions

SURVEY MATERIAL THE QUESTIONNAIRE



Document Microsoft Word



RELIABILITY OF RESULTS : SELF COMPLETION ONLINE SURVEYS IIS

To ensure the overall reliability of a survey, all possible error components must be taken into account. That is why lpsos imposes strict controls and procedures at each stage of the survey process.

UPSTREAM OF THE DATA COLLECTION

- **Sample :** structure and representativeness
- Questionnaire : the questionnaire is worded by following an editing process with 12 compulsory standards. It is proofread and approved at a senior level and then sent to the client for final validation. The programming (or questionnaire script) is tested by at least 2 people and validated.
- Data collection : the interviewers are trained in survey techniques through a dedicated training module prior to any participation in a survey. In addition, they receive or attend a detailed briefing at the start of each survey.

DURING THE DATA COLLECTION

 Sampling : Ipsos imposes very strict operating rules for its selection frame in order to maximize the random nature of the sample selection : random selection from telephone listings, quota method, etc. Fieldwork monitoring : collection is monitored and checked (exclusive link, IP validation, panelists' behavior monitoring penetration, interview length, consistency of responses, participation rate, number of reminders, etc.)

DOWNSTREAM OF THE DATA COLLECTION

- The results are analyzed in accordance with the statistical analysis methods (confidence interval versus sample size, significance tests). The first results are systematically checked against the raw results from the data collection. The consistency of results is also checked (particularly the results observed versus comparison sources in our possession).
- In cases where sample weighting is used (margin calibration method), this is checked by the processing teams (DP) and then validated by the survey teams.



SURVEY OVERVIEW

Organization (CAWI survey - Online panel)



ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT OR COORDINATED BY IPSOS TEAMS IN FRANCE

- Design and methodology
- Validation of scripting
- Coordination and validation of translation
- Coordination of data collection
- Data processing
- Validation of the statistical analyses
- Creation of survey report
- Results presentation design
- Oral presentation Analyses



ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT BY IPSOS EXPERT LOCAL TEAMS

- Translation
- Scripting
- Sampling (IIS panel)
- Emailing
- Data collection
- Data Map





ABOUT IPSOS

Ipsos is the third largest market research company in the world, present in 90 markets and employing more than 18,000 people.

Our research professionals, analysts and scientists have built unique multi-specialist capabilities that provide powerful insights into the actions, opinions and motivations of citizens, consumers, patients, customers or employees. Our 75 business solutions are based on primary data coming from our surveys, social media monitoring, and qualitative or observational techniques.

"Game Changers" – our tagline – summarises our ambition to help our 5,000 clients to navigate more easily our deeply changing world.

Founded in France in 1975, Ipsos is listed on the Euronext Paris since July 1st, 1999. The company is part of the SBF 120 and the Mid-60 index and is eligible for the Deferred Settlement Service (SRD).

ISIN code FR0000073298, Reuters ISOS.PA, Bloomberg IPS:FP www.ipsos.com

GAME CHANGERS

In our world of rapid change, the need for reliable information to make confident decisions has never been greater.

At Ipsos we believe our clients need more than a data supplier, they need a partner who can produce accurate and relevant information and turn it into actionable truth.

This is why our passionately curious experts not only provide the most precise measurement, but shape it to provide True Understanding of Society, Markets and People.

To do this we use the best of science, technology and know-how and apply the principles of security, simplicity, speed and substance to everything we do.

So that our clients can act faster, smarter and bolder. Ultimately, success comes down to a simple truth: You act better when you are sure.



